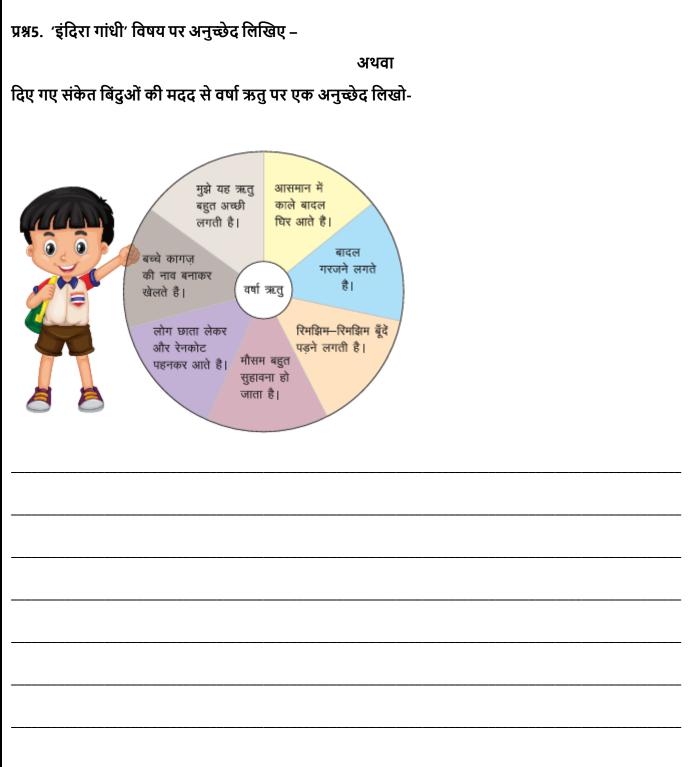


MOUNT COLUMBUS SCHOOL DAKSHINPURI, NEW DELHI-110062 CLASS V WORKSHEET – AUGUST

Name	Class	Sec	Date
	<u>E</u>	NGLISH	
Q1. Match the follow	ing.		
a) Sudha Chandran	i) was	stubborn	
b) Beethoven	ii) Jai	our- Foot	
c) The poet's brother	iii) G	erman Musician	
d) Sudha Chandran Ad	eademy iv) Mo	ontu	
e) Young woman	v) For	beginners in dance	
f) Kalpana Chawla	vi) Bl	ind	
Q2. Answer the followa) What did the crew v	-	2003 space mission?	
b) How Sudha Chandr	an supported the upco	ming dances?	
c) Who realise that the	guest was the great B	eethoven himself? How	······································

Q3. Identify the type of Adver	bs of the underlined wo	ords.
a) Rohan is doing his task careful	ully.	
b) Put these spectacles there.		
c) I go to temple <u>daily</u> .		
d) Garima was absent <u>yesterday</u>	·	
e) We are <u>extremely</u> excited for	your birthday	
Q4. Encircle the verbs in the g	given story.	
warm sand between her toes ar	a book and sat down to	ria walked along the beach. She felt the of the waves. A seagull flew overhead, read. The breeze whispered through the
Q5. Replace nouns with perso	nal pronoun in the give	n sentences.
a) The student is working hard f	for the exam.	
b) Emily is a talented girl.		
c) Raj and I are going to the ma	11.	
d) Simmi and Rimmi are doing	the project together.	
	हिंदी	
प्रश्न 1. दिए गए गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक	पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के लिए उ	उचित विकल्य चुनिए -
लोग ही संसार की शक्ति होते हैं। साहर्स डरपोक लोग ही भेड़ों की तरह झुंड बना वह वास्तविक जीवन से कोसों दूर होता है	ो लोग अपने मार्ग पर अकेले ही कर रहते हैं। संकट झेलना ही ज है। जीवन में संकटों का सामना	उद्देश्य के लिए बढ़ते रहते हैं। वास्तव में साहसी बढ़ते हैं, जैसे जंगल में शेर अकेला रहता है। गिवन का स्तर दिखाता है। जो संकटों से बचता है करना एक पूँजी है। जो इस पूँजी को जितनी मात्रा र आगे बढ़ने वाला मनुष्य ही जीवन के रहस्य को
1. साहसी का क्या अर्थ होता है ?		
(i) बहादुर	(ii) डरपोक	(iii) कायर

2. संसार की शक्ति कौन होते हैं ?		
(i) अकेले बढ़ने वाले लोग	(ii) डरपोक लोग	(iii) कायर लोग
3. डरपोक लोग कैसे रहते हैं ?		
(i) बिल्ली की तरह म्याऊँ करके	(ii) शेर की तरह अकेले	(iii) भेड़ों की तरह झुण्ड बनाकर
प्रश्न 2. सही विकल्प पर सही का निशान	लगाइए -	
1. 'तालाब में हैं ' रिक्त	स्थान के लिए सही शब्द चुनिए-	
(i) मछली	(ii) मछले	(iii) मछलियाँ
2. रेखांकित शब्द में कौन-सा वचन है?		
मेरे पास ढेर सारे <u>खिलौने</u> हैं		
(i) एकवचन	(ii) द्विवचन	(iii) बहुवचन
3. 'अमित कलम से लिखता है ।' वाक्य में व	गैन सा कारक है-	
(i) कर्म कारक	(ii) अपादान कारक	(iii) करण कारक
4. संबंध कारक का चिह्न है -		
(i) का	(ii) ने	(iii) से
5 परेशान मत करो।- खाली स्थान में	उचित सर्वनाम भरें।	
(i) हम	(ii) मुझे	(iii) मैं
प्रश्न3. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिरि	ब्रेए -	
क) श्रेष्ठ ख) शयनकक्ष	ग) विकल	
प्रश्न4. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजि	नए -	
क) शिल्पकार ने बादशाह के दरबार में	पहुँचकर क्या कहा?	
ख) कहाँ सूर्यास्त का दृश्य बहुत अपूर्व ह	ोता था?	
ग) 'कदंब का पेड़' कविता की कवयित्री	का नाम लिखिए।	



MATHEMATICS

- Q1. Which is better buy? 9 kg Sugar for ₹ 1567 or 9 kg Sugar for ₹ 1235?
- Q2. 5 dozen bananas were bought at the rate of ₹ 5.25 each. Half a dozen bananas were found rotten. The remaining were sold at the rate of ₹ 4 each. Find loss or profit.

СР	SP	OVERHEAD CHARGES	PROFIT OR LOSS
₹ 5674	₹ 6789	₹ 200	
₹ 9865	₹ 14887	None	

Q4. Find the LCM of 25, 30, 35, 40 by prime factorisation method

Q5. Is 7 a factor of 53948?

Q6. Find the smallest value which when divided by 12 leaves a remainder of 10 when divided by 24 leaves a remainder of 22 and when divided by 32 leaves a remainder of 30.

Q7. Find the HCF by long division method

- a) 480 and 720
- b) 275, 525 and 830

Q8. The product of the L.C.M. and H.C.F. of two numbers is 8000. If one of the numbers is 200, find the other number.

EVS

Q1. Give two examples of the following.

- a. Cause of deforestation -
- b. Seeds dispersed by water -____
- c. Animal with good vision -
- d. Arboreal animal -_____

	Q2.	Define	the	foll	owing	terms.
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a. Germination -

b. Hibernation -_____

Q3. Match the following.

Column A	Column B
Growing plant in large	Dispersed by wind
number	
Maple	Omnivores
Bear	Afforestation
Lungs of earth	Scavengers
Vulture	Forest

Q4. Identify the pictures and write three lines on it.



Q5. Write the missing letters.

- a) F __ R E ___ T
- b) H __ B I __ A T
- c) A _ I _ A L S

Q6. Read the passage carefully and answer the following question given below.
In the 1970s, some villages in Uttarakhand, India, faced a big problem. Trees were being cut down, causing landslides and floods. The villagers, mostly women, came together to save their trees. They hugged the trees and wouldn't let the loggers cut them down. This movement was called the Chipko Movement. The women sang songs and shouted slogans, saying "Chipko, Chipko!" which means "Hug, Hug!" in Hindi. The government finally listened and stopped cutting down trees. The Chipko Movement showed that even ordinary people can make a big difference.
1. What was the problem faced by the villagers in Uttarakhand?
2. What did the villagers do to save their trees?
3. Who mainly led the Chipko Movement?
Q7. Explain the structure of seed with the help of diagram.
Q8. What do you understand by the term seed dispersal?
Q9. Draw a well labelled diagram of 'Process of germination'.

COMI	PUT	ER
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Q. Answer the following questions in one wo	ord		one	in	questions	owing	foll	the	nswer	. A	C
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QUESTION	ANSWER
1. What option lets you change the size of the paper in Word?	
2. What do you adjust to set margins in a Word document?	
3. What tool helps you change the orientation of a page?	
4. What feature is used to add space at the top or bottom of a page?	
5. What do you call the setting that controls how text aligns on the page?	
6. What tool lets you insert a table into a Word document?	
7. What term describes the horizontal sections in a table?	
8. What term describes the vertical sections in a table?	
9. What do you call a single box in a table?	
10. What feature helps you change the borders of a table?	