



MOUNT COLUMBUS SCHOOL
DAKSHINPURI, NEW DELHI-110062
CLASS- VI
WORKSHEET-APRIL
ENGLISH

SENTENCES AND NOUNS

A. Fill in the Blanks with the correct words:

[Word Bank]: plural, common, predicate, noun, interrogative

1. A word that names a person, place, thing, or idea is called a _____.
2. The noun "books" is _____ because it refers to more than one book.
3. The part of the sentence that tells what the subject does is the _____.
4. A sentence that asks a question is called an _____ sentence.
5. A noun that does not specify male or female is often called _____ gender.

B. Choose the correct answer from the choices for each question:

1. Which word in the sentence is the subject? "The librarian returned the book."
A. returned B. librarian C. book D. the
2. What type of sentence is this? "Please close the window."
A. Declarative B. Interrogative C. Imperative D. Exclamatory
3. Which sentence is exclamatory?
A. I finished my homework. B. Did you see that bird? C. Close the door quietly. D. What a beautiful rainbow!
4. Which noun is plural?
A. child B. mice C. city D. teacher
5. In the sentence "The cat slept on the warm blanket," which word is part of the predicate?
A. The B. cat C. slept D. blanket

C. As the Sports Secretary of Zenith International School, write a notice inviting students from Classes VI to VIII to participate in the Annual Athletics Meet. Include details about the date, venue, and the deadline for registration.

2. He was very _____ in his idea of defeating the Demon. (create)
3. He found it an _____ pastime to defeat the Demon with his idea. (amuse)
4. Kings need to have a _____ flair for getting ideas. (nature)
5. Finally, he was _____ and could rule over his kingdom in peace. (success)

हिंदी

प्रश्न 1: संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखिए-

1. "जिंदादिल" का क्या अर्थ है?
2. बसंत का मुख्य गुण क्या था?
3. हमें जीवन में कैसा दृष्टिकोण रखना चाहिए?
4. ईमानदारी का क्या महत्व है?

प्रश्न 2: रिक्त स्थान भरिए-

1. जिंदादिल व्यक्ति हमेशा _____ रहता है।
2. बसंत एक _____ लड़का था।
3. हमें हर परिस्थिति में _____ सोचना चाहिए।
4. ईमानदारी से हमें _____ प्राप्त होता है।

प्रश्न 3: सही (✓) या गलत (✗)

1. जिंदादिल व्यक्ति हमेशा उदास रहता है। ()
2. बसंत ईमानदार था। ()
3. हमें कठिनाइयों से डरना चाहिए। ()
4. सच बोलना अच्छी आदत है। ()

प्रश्न 4: बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न (MCQ)

1. जिंदादिल व्यक्ति कैसा होता है?
(A) उदास
(B) आलसी
(C) उत्साही
(D) डरपोक
2. बसंत कैसा लड़का था?
(A) झूठा
(B) ईमानदार
(C) आलसी
(D) गुस्सैल

प्रश्न 5: लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न

1. जिंदादिल व्यक्ति की दो विशेषताएँ लिखिए।
2. बसंत के चरित्र से हमें क्या शिक्षा मिलती है?
3. हमें जीवन में सकारात्मक क्यों रहना चाहिए?

प्रश्न 6: सोचो और लिखो (HOTS)

1. यदि आप किसी कठिन परिस्थिति में हों, तो जिंदादिल कैसे रहेंगे?
2. यदि आपको सच बोलने में डर लगे, तो आप क्या करेंगे?

संस्कृत

Q1. प्रश्न 1: अपठित गद्यांशं पठित्वा उत्तराणि लिखत।

रामः एकः छात्रः अस्ति। सः ग्रामे निवसति। तस्य पिता कृषकः अस्ति तथा माता गृहिणी अस्ति। रामः प्रतिदिनं प्रातःकाले शीघ्रं उत्तिष्ठति। सः स्वच्छतां पालनं करोति, ततः विद्यालयं गच्छति। विद्यालये सः ध्यानपूर्वकं अध्ययनं करोति तथा गुरुन् आदरं करोति।

अवकाशसमये सः मित्रैः सह क्रीडति। सः सत्यं वदति, समयपालनं करोति च। सः परिश्रमी छात्रः अस्ति। सायंकाले सः गृहं आगत्य स्वकार्यं करोति, ततः माता-पितृभ्यां सह भोजनं करोति। रात्रौ सः समये निद्रां गच्छति।

(एकवाक्येन उत्तरत):

1. रामः कुत्र निवसति?
2. रामस्य पिता कः अस्ति?
3. रामः कदा उत्तिष्ठति?
4. अवकाशसमये सः किं करोति?
5. रामः कः छात्रः अस्ति?

प्रश्न 2: पञ्च पक्षिणां नामानि लिखत।

प्रश्न 3: पञ्च पशूनां नामानि लिखत।

प्रश्न 4: निम्नलिखित संख्याः संस्कृते लिखत।

- 5 - _____
8 - _____
12 - _____
16 - _____
20 - _____

प्रश्न 5: निम्नलिखित शब्दानां वर्ण-विच्छेदं कुरुत।

1. रामः → _____
2. विद्यालयः → _____
3. परिश्रमी → _____

प्रश्न 6: पठ् धातु लट् लकार लिखत।

प्रश्न 7: बाल शब्द रूप लिखत।

प्रश्न 8: निम्नलिखित वर्णानां संयोजनं कुरुत।

1. क् + ष + ि → _____
2. म + ा + ल + ा → _____
3. प + उ + स् + त + क + म् → _____

MATHEMATICS

SCIENCE

WORKSHEET No. 1 The wonderful World of science (Pg No.-5,6,7,8)

Worksheet No. 5 Measurement of length and motion (Pg. No-36,37,38,39,40,41)

SOCIAL SCIENCE

A. Fill in the Blanks.

1. A line showing events in the order of time is called a _____.
2. Coins, inscriptions and monuments are called _____ sources of history.
3. The period before writing was invented is known as _____ history.
4. The largest ocean in the world is the _____ Ocean.
5. The largest continent is _____.

B. Answer in One Word.

1. What is the study of the past called? _____
2. Name the source of history written on stones or metal plates. _____
3. Which ocean is also called the "Northern Ocean"? _____
4. Name the smallest continent. _____
5. What is a large landmass called? _____

C. Answer the Following Questions.

1. What is a timeline? Write one use of it.
2. Mention any two archaeological sources of history.
3. What is the difference between BCE and CE?
4. Write any two uses of oceans.
5. Why are continents important for human life? Write two reasons.

D. Match the Following.

Column A

1. Manuscripts
2. Inscriptions
3. Pacific Ocean
4. Asia
5. Australia

Column B

- a. Largest continent
- b. Written on stones/metal
- c. Old written documents
- d. Smallest continent
- e. Largest ocean

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Q1. What is an algorithm?

- a) A diagram
- b) Step-by-step instructions
- c) A machine
- d) A program

Q2. A flowchart is used to:

- a) Draw pictures
- b) Show steps using symbols
- c) Write stories
- d) Store data

Q3. Which symbol is used for Start/End in a flowchart?

- a) Rectangle
- b) Diamond
- c) Oval
- d) Circle

Q4. The first computer was:

- a) Laptop
- b) Mobile
- c) ENIAC
- d) Tablet

Q5. Who is known as the father of computer?

- a) Bill Gates
- b) Charles Babbage
- c) Newton
- d) Einstein

Fill in the Blanks with Options

Q6. A _____ is a step-by-step solution to a problem.

(algorithm / computer / flowchart / program)

Q7. A flowchart uses _____ to show the flow of steps.

(arrows / numbers / colors / words)

Q8. The _____ symbol is used for decision making in a flowchart.

(oval / rectangle / diamond / arrow)

Q9. Early computers were very _____ and slow.

(small / fast / large / cheap)

Q10. IPO stands for _____, _____ and _____.

(Input / Output / Process / Print)

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Q1. Multiple Choice Questions:

I. What is Artificial Intelligence (AI)?

- A) A type of video game
- B) Machines that can think and learn like humans
- C) A new kind of smartphone
- D) A robot that only follows exact instructions

II. Which of the following is an example of AI in everyday life?

- A) A traditional alarm clock
- B) A voice assistant like Siri or Alexa
- C) A bicycle
- D) A flashlight

III. How does AI primarily learn?

- A) By being programmed with exact rules for every situation
- B) By processing large amounts of data and finding patterns
- C) By reading textbooks like humans
- D) By asking teachers for help

IV. What is one common way AI helps in daily life?

- A) Making breakfast without any help
- B) Suggesting videos you might like on YouTube or Netflix
- C) Replacing all human jobs
- D) Feeling emotions like humans

V. Which statement best describes Narrow AI?

- A) AI that can do any intellectual task that a human can
- B) AI that is designed for a specific task like recognizing faces
- C) AI that is smarter than humans in every way
- D) AI that doesn't exist yet

Q2. Short Answer Questions:

- I. Explain in your own words what Artificial Intelligence (AI) is.
- II. Give two examples of AI that you might use or see in your daily life.
- III. How is AI different from a regular computer program?
- IV. Why is it important for AI to learn from data?
- V. What is one thing that AI cannot do that humans can do?